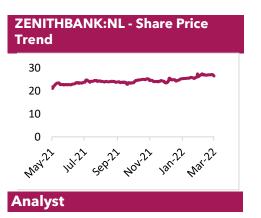
ARM | Classification: PUBLIC

7 March 2022
Equity Research
research@armsecurities.com.ng
+234 1 270 1652

Rating	OVERWEIGHT
Price	N 26.45
FVE	N 29.82
52-week range	₩19.5-27.5
Market Cap. (N 'bn)	832,007
1-month Avg. Vol	16,389,550
Curr. PB	0.65x



Oluwadara Olunuga Oluwadara.Olunuga@arm.com.ng

Zenith Bank Plc. (ZENITHBANK.NL)

Stock Report

Lower Funding Cost and Non-interest Revenue to the Rescue

- Zenith Bank released the audited Full-year results for 2021, revealing a respective 9.9% and 9.6% increase in Gross earnings and Profit Before Tax (PBT). Major drivers for earnings growth include marginal uptick in interest income (+1.6%), lower funding cost (-11.8%) and higher non-interest revenue (+22.6%). PBT at **N**280.4bn fell shy of our estimates by 0.8% due to the rise in loan loss provisions and OPEX both of which exceeded our projection. Meanwhile, Profit After Tax was in line with our forecasts.
- Lower Funding Costs Succors Net Interest Income: Net interest income posted a YoY 7.1% rise to N320.8bn mainly on the back of a decline in interest expense and a marginal rise in interest income. Specifically, interest income gained 1.61% to N427.6bn as income from loans rose by N16.5bn in line with a 20.8% YoY expansion in the loan book. The CBN's real sector expansion growth drive remains responsible for the growth in loan book which exceeds the lender's guidance of 10%. Despite the increase reported on average fixed income yield, interest from fixed income securities and bank placements declined YoY, a backdrop of the low yield on the CBN special bills.
- On the flip, interest expense declined 11.84% YoY to ¥106.8bn as interest paid on deposits declined despite a decline in low-cost CASA deposits (93.01% in 2021 Vs 93.95% in 2020). Hence, cost of funds tapered 60bps to 1.5% and net interest margin (NIM) fell 120bps to 6.7% due to lower asset yield (-83bps).
- Gain on Derivatives Contracts and Fee & Commission Income Saves the Day: Non-interest revenue rose by 22.6% YoY to N338.0bn boosted by strong growth in E-product fees (+38.4%), account maintenance fees (+42.8%), and credit-related fees (+29.8%). The improvement in these incomes echoes improved transaction volumes and the recovery of this income line from the decline that succeeded CBN's reduction of transfer charges and account maintenance fees in 2020. Similarly, trading income outperformed by 38.6% YoY feasting on gains from derivatives instruments. Nonetheless, cost-to-income ratio increased 80bps to 50.8% as operating expenses (+13.1%) increased at a slightly faster pace than operating income (+11.3%). Management explained that the sharp movement was due to rising

inflation and exchange rate weakness given that the Bank's IT costs are dollar denominated.

- Faster Loan Growth Necessitates Higher Provisioning: The bank booked higher loan loss provisioning (+51.6% to ₦59.9bn) in line with faster loan growth in Q4 and this drove cost of risk higher (+ 40bps YoY) to 1.5%. However, asset quality improved modestly as NPL ratio declined softly by 10bps YoY to 4.2% despite the expansion in loans. For the rest of the regulated ratios, capital adequacy ratio worsened by 2% to 20.7% as management assures of adequate buffers in line with BASEL III requirements. The Loan-to-Deposit ratio also declined 4.7% to 62.5%, remaining below the regulatory benchmark of 65%.
- Consequent on the improvement in net interest income and non-income revenues, we saw 9.6% and 6.1% YoY upticks in PBT and PAT respectively to **\%**280.4bn and **\%**244.6bn in 2021. However, the lender's efficiency ratios tell a different story as RoAE and RoAA declined 200bps and 38bps respectively to 20.4% and 2.7% given expansion in assets and higher profit retention to buff up capital reserves.
- Loan Growth to Boost Interest Income in 2022: In line with management guidance, we expect further expansion in the loan book (+10% in 2022) to boost interest income in 2022 as yields remain depressed in the Treasury Bills market. However, interest income would maintain backseat in amplifying bottom line considering the bank's alliance with the CBN's intervention programs. We highlight that the increased loan drive might compel higher loan loss provisions and may impair asset quality. Overall, we expect net interest income to come in at **N**353.3bn in 2022 as interest income rises on higher loans and interest expenses responds softly to tighter liquidity in 2022. We see NIR at **N**333.2bn with support from fee & commission income and trading gains.
- Overall, we expect PBT to cross the N300bn mark in 2022 and grow by 11.3% to N312.2bn while PAT inch higher by 8.5% to N265.3bn given a higher effective tax rate of 15% due to the Finance Act provisions. We adjust our FVE for Zenith to N29.82 on the wheels of anticipated higher loan growth, rise in both interest and non-interest income that would translate to profits. At its current price of N26.45, this translates to an upside prospect of 12.74% and the declared final dividend of N2.8 gives dividend yield of 9.4% (Vs 365-day T-bill: 3.97%).

Summary of Results

N'million	FY 2021	FY 2020	ΥοΥ
Gross Earnings	765,558	696,450	9.9%
Net Interest Income	320,804	299,682	7.0%
Non-Interest Revenue	337,961	275,637	22.6%
Operating Expenses	(289,533)	(256,032)	13.1%
Impairment	(59,932)	(39,534)	51.6%
PBT	280,374	255,861	9.6%
PAT	244,558	230,565	6.1%
EPS	7.8	7.3	6.1%
DPS	3.1	3.0	3.3%
N'million	FY 2021	FY 2020	ΥοΥ
Loans	3,355,728	2,779,027	20.8%
Total Assets	9,447,843	8,481,272	11.4%
Deposits	6,472,054	5,339,911	21.2%
Total Liabilities	8,168,181	7,363,799	10.9%
Net Assets	1,279,662	1,117,473	14.5%
BVPS	40.8	35.6	14.5%
	FY 2021	FY 2020	YoY (pps)
Cost of Funds	1.5%	2.1%	-0.6%
Net Interest Margin	6.7%	7.9%	-1.2%
Cost-Income Ratio	46.0%	46.4%	-0.5%
Cost of Risk	1.9%	1.5%	0.4%
ROAE	20.4%	22.4%	-2.0%
ROAA	2.7%	3.1%	-0.4%
CAR	20.7%	22.6%	-2.0%

ARM | Classification: PUBLIC

Balance Sheet	2020	2021A	2022E	2023E	2024E
Assets					
Interbank	810,494	691,244	725,806	762,097	800,201
Inv. Securities	996,916	1,303,726	1,368,912	1,437,358	1,509,226
Net loans	2,779,027	3,355,728	3,691,301	4,060,431	4,263,452
Interest-earning assets	8,099,106	9,052,787	9,696,776	10,533,910	10,983,707
Total Assets	8,481,272	9,447,843	10,078,932	10,927,197	11,392,688
Liabilities					
Borrowings	870,080	750,469	757,974	765,553	773,209
Deposits	5,339,911	6,472,054	7,054,539	7,618,902	8,152,225
Interest-bearing liabilities	6,253,168	7,268,322	8,018,013	8,589,955	9,069,284
Total liabilities	7,363,799	8,168,181	8,977,332	9,624,914	10,175,004
Shareholders' Equity	1,117,473	1,279,662	1,101,599	1,302,283	1,217,684

Income Statement	2020	2021A	2022E	2023E	2024E
Gross Earnings	696,450	765,558	809,127	879,745	937,258
Interest Income	420,813	427,597	475,957	525,644	560,007
Interest Expense	(121,131)	(106,793)	(122,621)	(128,249)	(145,024)
Net Interest Income	299,682	320,804	353,335	397,395	414,983
Non-Interest Revenue	251,745	309,035	333,170	354,101	377,251
Operating Expenses	(256,032)	(289,533)	(314,621)	(348,832)	(366,157)
Provision Charge	(39,534)	(59,932)	(59,794)	(67,260)	(70,213)
PBT	255,861	280,374	312,090	335,405	355,864
Тах	(25,296)	(35,816)	(46,814)	(50,311)	(53,380)
Net Profit	230,565	244,558	265,277	285,094	302,484
Dividend Paid	94,188	97,328	118,050	124,400	130,875

Kou Crouth Datas					
Key Growth Rates					
Loans	20.5%	20.8%	10.0%	10.0%	5.0%
Interest Earning Assets	33.7%	11.8%	7.1%	8.6%	4.3%
Deposits	25.3%	21.2%	9.0%	8.0%	7.0%
Interest Bearing Liabilities	35.2%	16.2%	10.3%	7.1%	5.6%
Assets	33.6%	11.4%	6.7%	8.4%	4.3%
Gross Earnings	5.2%	9.9%	5.7%	8.7%	6.5%
Costs	10.4%	13.1%	8.7%	10.9%	5.0%
PBT	5.2%	9.6%	11.3%	7.5%	6.1%
PAT	10.4%	6.1%	8.5%	7.5%	6.1%
EPS	10.4%	6.1%	8.5%	7.5%	6.1%
Per-share data					
No of common shares (mn)	31,396.00	31,396.00	31,396.00	31,396.00	31,396.00
EPS	7.34	7.78	8.44	9.07	9.63
DPS	3.00	3.10	3.76	3.96	4.17
BVPS	35.59	40.76	35.09	41.48	38.78

ARM ratings and recommendations

ARM now employs a two-tier rating system which is based on systemic importance of the security under review and the deviation of our target price for the stock from current market price. We characterize systemic importance as a function of a stock's ranking among the group of top 20 stocks by NSE market capitalization over a trailing 6-month period (minimum) to the review date. We adopt a 5-point rating system for this category of stocks and a 3-point rating system for stocks outside this group. The choice of top 20 stocks arises from the consideration that this group of stocks constitutes >75% of overall market capitalization and stocks outside this group are generally less liquid and individually account for <<1% of market capitalization. For stocks in both categories, the basis for ratings subject to target price deviation is outlined below:

TOP 20		NON-TOP 20	
Rating	Deviation	Rating	Deviation
STRONG BUY	>20%	BUY	>20%
OVERWEIGHT	10% – 20 %	NEUTRAL	5% – 20 %
NEUTRAL	0% - 10%	SELL	<5%
UNDERWEIGHT	-5% – 0%		
SELL	<-5%		

RECOMMENDATION KEY					
Rating	Recommendation				
BUY	Accumulate security to a substantial extent constrained only by portfolio diversification considerations				
OVERWEIGHT	Accumulate security to an extent moderated by cognizance of its benchmark weight				
NEUTRAL	Maintain status quo for security with respect to current holding-i.e. keep if already holding and don't buy othe subject to reasonable portfolio constraints				
UNDERWEIGHT	Minimize exposure to security taking cognizance of its index weighting				
SELL	Sell-off security completely from portfolio				

Copyright © 2022 ARM Securities Limited ("ARMS").

All rights reserved. Unauthorized use, reproduction, distribution, or disclosure of this document is strictly prohibited.

This material has been issued by ARM Securities Limited, a member of the Asset and Resource Management ("ARM") Group, and a Company regulated by the Nigerian Securities & Exchange Commission. The analyst(s) primarily responsible for preparing this research report, in whole or in part, certifies that with respect to each security or issuer covered; all of the views expressed accurately reflect his/her personal views about the subject securities and issuers and no part of his/her compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the inclusion of specific recommendations or views in the report.

This research report is based on information from sources that ARMS and its analysts believe to be reliable. Neither ARMS nor any of its research analysts, nor any member of the ARM Group, gives any representation or warranty, express or implied, or undertaking of any kind or assumes responsibility or liability of any kind with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the information set out in this report or any third party's use (or the results of such use) of such information. This report is provided solely for informational purposes and is not to be construed as providing advice, recommendations, or endorsements of any kind whatsoever. The investments and strategies discussed here may not be suitable for all investors; counsel of investment advisor should be obtained with regard to such investments and or strategies. This research report is not a replacement for advice from an accountant, lawyer, personal finance advisor or other category of investment advisor. The investments discussed in this report may oscillate in price or value. Opinions and information provided are made as of the date of the report issue and are subject to change without notice. This research report is not intended as an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any financial instrument. Reference herein to any specific security or financial instrument does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement or recommendation by ARMS, its directors, officers, employees or designated agents. Members of ARM may act as broker, advisor or lender, or make a market in any investments or issuers referenced in this report. Further information on any of the securities discussed herein may be obtained upon request to ARMS. By accepting this document, you agree to be bound by the foregoing limitations.